

HW8.1

$R_o = 300\text{mm}$; $R_f = 75\text{mm}$; $R_i = 0$.

Total Friction Force around the interface needs to be $\text{Torque}/R_f = 1,200,000 \text{ N}$.

Total Normal Force at the interface needs to be $\text{Friction Force} / \mu = 4,800,000 \text{ N}$.

The normal force is applied over the interface area = $\pi \times D \times \text{thickness} = 35,343 \text{ mm}^2$, resulting in an interface pressure of 135.8 MPa.

It takes a Delta Radial of 0.105mm to create this pressure.

HW8.2

$R_o = 50\text{mm}$; $R_f = 27.5\text{mm}$; $R_i = 0$.

A radial interference of 25 microns (0.025mm) causes an interface pressure of 65.63MPa.

With an interface area of 5183 mm^2 and friction of 0.2, it would take 68.04kN to disassemble the fit.

HW8.3

$R_{\text{thin}} = 75\text{mm}$; $R_i = 75\text{mm}$; $R_o = 105\text{mm}$.

Thin Wall

Hoop = 200.0 MPa

Axial = 100.0 MPa

Thick Wall

Hoop = 246.67 MPa

Axial = 83.3 MPa

HW8.4

Power divided by speed in Rad/second gives Torque = 79,577 Nm.

$R_o = 200\text{mm}$; $R_f = 40\text{mm}$; $R_i = 0$.

Total Friction Force around the interface is $\text{Torque}/R_f = 1,989,437 \text{ N}$.

Total Normal Force at the interface is $\text{Friction Force} / \mu = 7,957,747 \text{ N}$

This is applied over an interface area of 30,159 mm^2 , resulting in an interface pressure of 263.86 MPa.

To generate this pressure takes a radial interference of 0.1062mm.

This is a strain ($\Delta R / R$) = $0.1062 / 40 = 0.00265$.

Dividing this by the CTE of 0.000011 / $^{\circ}\text{C}$ give a $\Delta T = 241.4 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$, or 434.5 $^{\circ}\text{F}$.